SUKUNA SECONDARY SCHOOL

Sundarharaincha-10, Morang Entrance Model Questions - 2082

Time: 2 Hours Science Stream This model entrance question paper is designed for students applying to the science stream. The total 100 marks are distributed as follows: Science: 45 questions (15 each from Physics, Chemistry, and Biology), Mathematics: 25 questions, English: 20 questions, Nepali: 5 questions, and IQ: 5 questions. All questions are multiple choices (MCQs), and there is no negative marking for wrong answers. \triangleright Candidates must tick ($\sqrt{}$) the best option for each. If a candidate ticks more than one option for a single question, that answer will be considered incorrect. In this entrance model question paper, the questions are arranged sequentially by subject to help candidates understand the format; however, in the actual entrance examination, the questions may be arranged in a random order. Sample Question Which of the following is a renewable source of energy? c. Solar energy d. Coal b. Natural gas a. Petroleum Science Section water CGS unit is (CGS एकाईमा पानीको हन्छ?) Density of in b. 1 gm cm⁻³ a. 1000 gm cm⁻³ d. none of above c. 13.6 gm cm⁻³ 2. Which of the following is the vector? (तलमध्ये कृत भेक्टर राशी हो?) a. Torque b. mass c. distance d. volume 3. Swimming is possible by the (पौडी खेल्न सम्भव के कारणले हुन्छ) b. Second law of motion a. First law of motion d. Newton's law of gravitation c. Third law of motion 4. Water stick on glass due to (सिसामा पानी टॉसिन्को कारण:) a. Cohesive force b. Adhesive force c. Electrostatic force d. Magnetic force

ऊजांमा रूपान्तरण गर्छ:) a. Photo cell b. bulb

c. electric iron d. None of above

 Gravitational field intensity near the earth surface is equal to (पृथ्वीको सतह नजिक गुरुत्व क्षेत्रको तीवता के संग बरावर हुन्छ?)

5. Which of the following convert light energy into electrical energy (तलमध्ये कुनले प्रकाश ऊर्जालाई विद्युत्

a. G b. g c. m d. R

7. In third class lever,MA is always 1. (तेस्रो श्रेणीको उत्तोलकमा यान्त्रिक फाइदा सधै... १ हुन्छ?

a. less thanb. greater thanc. equal tod. all

8. The gas thermometer are more sensitive than liquid thermometer because (ग्यास थमांमीटर तरल

थर्मामीटरभन्दा बढी संवेदनशील किन हुन्छ:)
a. gases expand more than liquid b. gas are easily obtained

c. gases are much lighter d. gases do not easily change their states

9. The fastest mode of heat transfer is (ताप स्थानान्तरणको सबैभन्दा छिटो तरिका कुन हो?)
a. Conduction
b. Convection
c. Radiation
d. all of the above

c. Radiation d. all of the above
 10. Voltmeter is connected in (भोल्टिमटरलाई कसरी जडान गरिन्छ?)

a. Series b. Parallel c. mixed d. None of the above

| 11. | At the neutral, the compass needle indicates | । (न्युट्स विन्तुमा कम्पासको सुईसे क्न दिशा देखाउँछ?) |
|-----|---|---|
| | a. North | b. South |
| | c. East | d. none |
| 12. | What remains unchanged for light during | its refraction from one medium to another medium |
| | (प्रकाशको आवर्तन हुँदा कुन तत्व परिवर्तन हुँदैन?) | |
| | a. Speed | b. wave length |
| | c. Frequency | d. none |
| 13. | An air bubble in water behaves as (पानीभित्रको | । हाबाको फोकाले कस्तो व्यवहार गर्छ?) |
| | a. Convex lens | b. Concave lens |
| | c. Plane glass plate | d. Plano Convex lens |
| 14. | Frequency of de is (DC को आवृत्ति कृति हुन्छ?) | |
| | a. 220 HZ | b. 50 HZ |
| | c. OHZ | d. 5HZ |
| 15. | The Dimensional formula of calorie is (क्यार | तोरीको म्मभलकष्यलब <i>िसूत्र के हो?</i>) |
| | a. $[ML^2T^2]$ | b. [MLT ⁻²] |
| | c. [MLT ⁻¹] | d. [M ⁻¹ L ² T ⁻²] |
| 16. | Which gas is evolved when Zinc reacts with एसिड सँग प्रतिक्रिया गराउँदा कुन ग्यास निस्किन्छ ?) | th dilute hydrochloric acid? (जब जिंकलाई पातलो हांडड्रोक्लोरिक |
| | a. Oxygen | b. Hydrogen |
| | c. Nitrogen | d. Carbon dioxide |
| 17. | Which of the following is non-metal? (तलका व | मध्ये कृन अधातु हो?) |
| | a. Iron | b. Copper |
| | c. Sulphur | d. Aluminum |
| 18. | Which of the following is a chemical change | |
| | a. Melting of ice | b. Boiling of water |
| | c. Rusting of iron | d. Breaking of Gases |
| 19. | Which set of reactants would you use to prepare carbon dioxide gas in the lab? (प्रयोगसालामा कार्वनडाईअक्साइड ग्यासँ वनाउन कृत कृत रसायनको आवश्यकता पर्दछ?) | |
| | a. Zn and CaCO ₃ | b. Cu and CaCO ₃ |
| •• | c. Ag and NaOH | d. CaCO ₃ and dil. HCl |
| 20. | What is the main component of glass? (सिसाको | |
| | Silicon dioxide Sodium chloride | b. Calcium carbonate |
| 21 | | d. Potassium nitrate izer use, what could be a better alternatives? (यदि एक |
| 21. | किसानले रासायनिक मलको प्रयोग घटाउन चाहान्छ भने, त्य | सको राम्रो विकल्प के हो ?) |
| | a. Cement | b. Plastic |
| 22 | c. Organic compost Which compound would decolorize bromine | d. Glass powder |
| 22. | a. Ethane | b. methane |
| | c. Propane | d. Ethene |
| 23 | What is the valency of carbon? (कार्वनको सम्युजत | |
| | a. 1 | b. 2 |
| | c. 3 | d. 4 |
| 24. | Suggest a method to prevent corrosion of Iro | on gates of your school. (तपाईको स्कुलमा फलामको गेटमा खिया |
| | a. Use gold coating | b. Keep them wet |
| | c. Paint them regularly | d. Use plastic wrap |
| 25. | Which gas is essential for Photosynthesis? | |
| | a. Carbon dioxide | b. Nitrous oxide |
| | c. Hydrogen | d. Sulphur dioxide |
| 26. | Why is oxygen important for respiration? (va | |
| | a. It forms glucose | b. It breaks down carbon |
| | c. It helps release energy from food | d. It cools the body |

| 27. What is the chemical formula of common salt? (खाने नुनको रासायनिक सुत्र कुन हो ?) | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| a, NaCl | b. KCl | | |
| c. NaOH | d. HCl | | |
| | A student wants to test acidity of lemon juice. Which indicator should be used? (एउटा विद्यार्थील कागतीको रसको अम्लीयपन पत्ता लगाउन चाहान्छ भने उसले कुन सुचक प्रयोग गर्दछ होला?) | | |
| a. Filter paper | b. Litmus paper | | |
| c. Salt | d. Sugar | | |
| 29. A solution turns red litmus to blue and (एउटा फोलने रातो निटमस पेपरलाई निलोमा र फो | नोरथालिन लाई वैजनी रंगमा लान्छ भने त्यो के हो?) | | |
| a. Acid | b. base | | |
| c. salt | d. Neutral | | |
| 30. Which gas is used in fire extinguishers | ? (आगो निभाउने यन्त्रमा कुन ग्यासको प्रयोग गरिन्छ ?) | | |
| a. oxygen | b. Hydrogen | | |
| c. Carbon dioxide | d. Nitrogen | | |
| | sativum. What does 'Pisum' represent? (केराउको वैज्ञानिक नाम | | |
| Pisum sativum हो । Pisum ले के जनाउँछः) | | | |
| a. Species | b. Kingdom | | |
| c. Genus | d. Family | | |
| 31. To which phylum does the earthworm | belong? (गड्यांना कुन फाइलममा पदछ ?) | | |
| a. Arthropoda | b. Mollusca | | |
| c. Annelida | d. Platyhelminthes | | |
| | een bee in a hive? (मौरीको घारमा रानी मौरीको मुख्य कार्य के हो?) | | |
| a. To collect nectar | b. To defend the hive | | |
| c. To lay eggs | d. To build the honeycomb | | |
| 34. Who is known as the "Father of Genetics" for his experiments with pea plants? (केराउको बोटमा गरेको प्रयोगका लागि कसलाई "आनुवंशिकीका पिता" भनेर चिनिन्छ ?) | | | |
| a. Charles Darwin | b. Gregor Mendel | | |
| c. Louis Pasteur | d. R.H. Whittaker | | |
| | called its: (जीवको आनुवंशिक संरचनालाई के भनिन्छ?) | | |
| a. Phenotype | b. Genotype | | |
| c. Allele | d. Chromosome | | |
| 36. Which of the following is a sex-linked | | | |
| a. Anemia | b. Diabetes | | |
| c. Haemophilia | d. Tuberculosis | | |
| 37. The pulmonary artery is unique becau | se it carries: (पल्मोनरी धमनी अनौठो छ किनभने यसले बोक्छ) | | |
| a. Oxygenated blood away from the | | | |
| b. Deoxygenated blood away from | i the neart | | |
| c. Oxygenated blood towards the | | | |
| d. Deoxygenated blood towards t | ne neart | | |
| 38. A person's pancreas is unable to prod | uce sufficient insulin. Which life process will be most याजले पर्याप्त इन्सुलिन उत्पादन गर्न असमर्थ छ । यसले गर्दा कुन प्रक्रिया सबैभन्दा | | |
| प्रत्यक्ष रूपमा प्रभावित हुनेछ ?) | | | |
| a. Digestion of fats | b. Regulation of blood sugar level | | |
| c. Production of red blood cells | d. Transmission of nerve impulses | | |
| 39. During mitosis, a parent cell with 46 | chromosomes will produce two daughter cells, each with: | | |
| कोमोजोम हुन्छ ?) | अभिभावक कोषले दुईवटा सन्तिति कोषहरू उत्पादन गर्दछ, प्रत्येकमा कित | | |
| a. 23 chromosomes | b. 46 chromosomes | | |
| c. 92 chromosomes | d. a variable number of chromosomes | | |
| 40. Which gas is primarily responsible for the depletion of the ozone layer? (ओजोन तहको क्षयीकरण | | | |
| मुख्यतया कुन ग्यास जिम्मेबार छ?) | L. M. de (CIL) | | |
| a. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂) | b. Methane (CH ₄) | | |
| c. Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) | d. Sulphur dioxide (SO ₂) | | |

- 41. Consider the food chain: Grass → Deer → Tiger. What does the tiger represent? (साव श्रृंखलालाई विचार गर्नहोर: घाँस -> मग -> बाघ। बाघले के प्रतिनिधित्व गर्छ?)
 - a. Producer

b. Primary consumer

c. Secondary consumer

- d. Decomposer
- 42. The process by which drone bees develop from unfertilized eggs is a form of asexual reproduction known as: (भाले मौरीहरू गर्भधान नभएको अण्डाबाट विकसित हुने प्रक्रिया, जुन एक प्रकारको अलैगिक प्रजनन हो, त्यसलाई के
 - a. Metamorphosis

b. Parthenogenesis

c. Gametogenesis

- d. Budding
- 43. What is the correct pathway of a nerve impulse in a simple reflex arc, such as pulling your hand away from a hot object? (तातो वस्तुबाट हात फिक्ने जस्ता साधारण रिफ्लेक्स आर्कमा स्नायु आवेगको सही मार्ग कृन हो?)
 - a. Receptor → Effector → Spinal Cord
 - b. Receptor → Sensory Neuron → Spinal Cord → Motor Neuron → Effector
 - c. Brain → Motor Neuron → Effector
 - d. Effector → Motor Neuron → Sensory Neuron → Receptor
- 44. The runoff of excess fertilizers containing nitrates and phosphates from agricultural fields into a nearby pond can lead to a process called eutrophication. What is the most direct consequence of this process? (नाइट्रेट र फस्फेट युक्त मल बगेर नजिकैको पोखरीमा जाँदा युट्रोफिकेशन नामक प्रक्रिया हुन सक्छ। यो प्रक्रियाको सबैभन्दा प्रत्यक्ष परिणाम के हो?)
 - a. The water becomes extremely cold
 - b. An increase in the fish population due to more food
 - c. A rapid bloom of algae, which upon dying and decomposing, depletes the water's oxygen
 - d. An increase in the water's transparency
- 45. A person suddenly encounters a snake and experiences a rapid heartbeat, increased breathing rate, and heightened alertness. Which hormone, released from the adrenal glands, is primarily responsible for this "fight-or-flight" response? (एक व्यक्तिले अचानक सर्प देख्दा उसको मुटुको धड्कन बद्छ, श्वासप्रश्वासको दर बढ्छ, र ऊ सतर्क हुन्छ। एड्रिनल ग्रन्थिबाट निस्कने कुन हमोन यो "लड वा भाग" प्रतिक्रियाको लागि मुख्य रूपमा जिम्मेवार छ?)
 - a. Insulin

b. Thyroxine

c. Adrenaline

d. Growth Hormone

Mathematics Section

46. If n(A)=11 and n(B)=18, what is the possible maximum value of $n(A \cap B)$?

यदि n(A)=11 र n(B)=18 भए $n(A\cap B)$ अधिकतम मान कित होला ?

a. 0

b. 11

c. 18

d. 29

- 47. The interest compounded semi-annually on Rs P for T years at R% p.a. is अर्धवार्षिक चकीय व्याज अनुसार रु P मा T समयका लागि R% व्याज दरले हुने व्याज?अर्ध
 - a. CI=P $[(1+\frac{R}{100})^T 1]$ c. CI=P $[(1+\frac{R}{300})^{3T} 1]$

b. CI=P $[(1+\frac{R}{200})^{2T}-1]$ d. CI=P $[(1+\frac{R}{400})^{4T}-1]$

- 48. If the population of a municipality increases by 2% by birth and 3% by immigration every year, what is the rate of growth population? यदि कुनै नगरपालिकाको जनसंख्या प्रत्येक वर्ष जन्मको आधारमा २% र बसाइँसराइको आधारमा ३% ले बढ्छ भने, जनसंख्या वृद्धि दर कति हुन्छ?
 - a. 5%

b. 6%

c. 10%

d. 4%

- 49. In a square pyramid, each side of a and slant height is then 1 the area of its triangular surface is (वर्गाकार पिरामिडमा, प्रत्येक भजाको लम्बाई a र छड्के उचाइ l हुन्छ भने यसको त्रिभुजाकार सतहको क्षेत्रफल)

b. 2al

c. a2+2al

d. a2-2al

| 50. The arithmetic mean between a an | d b is given by a र b बीचको अंकगणितीय मध्यमा |
|---|---|
| a. $\frac{a+b}{2}$ | b. <u>a-b</u> |
| • | 2 E |
| c. \sqrt{ab} | b. $\frac{a-b}{2}$ d. $\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}$ |
| 51. The valuation of a bike is Rs 350.0 | 000 and its depreciates every year by 20%, what will be its value |
| | ० रुपैयाँ छ र यसको मूल्य प्रत्येक वर्ष २०% ले घट्छ भने २ वर्ष पछि यसको मूल्य कति हनेछ? |
| a. Rs 280000 | b. Rs 224000 |
| c. Rs 179200 | d. Rs 143360 |
| 52. A cone with base radius 12cm has मोलीको आयतन | 21cm height; its volume is आधारको अर्ध ब्यास 12 cm र 21cm उचाई भएको |
| a. 3168 cm ³ | b. 5544 |
| c. 1245 cm ³ | d. 2112 cm ³ |
| | $value\ of\ x$? यदि $2^{x+1} \times 3^{x-2} = 48\ $ छ भने, x को मान कित हुन्छ? |
| a2 | b. 2 |
| c3 | d. 3 |
| 54. In the given figure, O is the Centre | e of the circle. If OA=AB, what is the |
| measure of $\angle ACB$? दिइएको चित्रमा, O वृत्तको वे | |
| हुन्छ? | |
| a. 60° | b. 90° |
| c. 30° | d. 45 ⁰ |
| | O is the Centre. If OC= 5 cm, BC=6 Cm, |
| what is the length of AC? सँगसँगै दिइएको लम्बाइ कित हुन्छ? | अर्घवृत्तमा केन्द्र O छ। यदि OC= 5 cm, BC= 6 Cm, भए AC को |
| a. 5 cm | b. 6cm |
| c. 8 cm | d. 10 cm |
| 56. Which of the following is not the | measure of central tendency? केन्द्रीय प्रवृत्तिको मापन निम्न मध्ये कुन होइन? |
| a. mean | b. median |
| c. Mode | d. Range |
| | erval of five years. What is the probability of the of alternatives |
| sexes? पाँच वर्षको अन्तरालमा दुई बच्चा जन्मिए। वैव | तिल्पक लिङ्गको सम्भावना कति छ? |
| a. 0.25 | b. 0.5 |
| c. 0.75 | d. 1 |
| 58. What is the altitude of the sun wh डाडो पोल को छायाको लम्बाइ यसको उचाइ बराबर हुँदा | |
| a. 30 ⁰ | b. 45° |
| c. 60° | d. 75 ⁰ |
| 59. If set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5,\}$ is give यसले प्रतिनिधित्व गर्दछ: | en, then it represents: यदि समूह A = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5,} दिइएको छ भने, |
| a. Whole numbers | b. Rational Numbers |
| c. Natural numbers | d. Complex numbers |
| 60. $n^2 - 1$ is divisible by 8, if n is | यदि nहो भने n² – 1 लाई 8 भाग गर्न सिकन्छ |
| a. an integer | b. a natural number |
| c. an odd integer | d. an even integer |
| | |
| | nx is positive? कुन चतुर्थाशमा sinx को मान धनात्मक हुन्छ? |
| a. first and second | b. first and third |
| c. second and third | d. third and fourth |
| | cular to each other then, what is the value of If \vec{a} . \vec{b} ? यदि \vec{a} र |
| \overrightarrow{b} एकअर्कासँग लम्ब छन् भने, यदि $ec{a}$. $ec{b}$ को मान क | ति हुन्छ? |
| a. 1 | b. 0 |
| c1 | d. 2 |
| | |
| | 5 |

63. Find the 2 × 2 matrix high transforms A(-3,1) to A'(3,1). A(-3,1) लाई A'(3,1)मा रूपान्तरण गर्ने २×२ म्याट्रिक्स पता लगाउनहोस्।

a.
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

c. $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

b.
$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

d. $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

64. What type of series is -2-5-8-11-.....? (-2-5-8-11-..... कस्तो प्रकारको श्रेणी हो ?)

a. arithmetic

b. geometric

d. both a and c. c. harmonic

65. If f(x +3) =3x+5, then find f 1(2). यदि f(x +3) =3x+5 छ भने, f 1(2) पत्ता लगाउनुहोस्।

b. -2 d. -3

66. If the intersection of plane is parallel to the generator of the cone, what conic section does it form? यदि प्रतिच्छेदित सतह सोलीको जेनेरेटरसँग समानान्तर छ भने, यसले कुन प्रकार को कोंनको भाग बनाउँछ?

a. Parabola

b. circle

c. Hyperbola

d. ellipse

67. The sum of the first eleven terms of AP is 198, find the sixth term of the seris? AP को पहिलो एघार पदहरूको योगफल १९८ छ, सो श्रेणीको को छैटौँ पद पत्ता लगाउनुहोस्।

b. 12

c. 15

d. 18

68. The equation of a straight line that passes through the point (3, 4) and perpendicular to the line 3x+2y+5=0 is (बिन्दु (3, 4) बाट जाने र रेखा 3x+2y+5=0 मा लम्ब हुने सरल रेखाको समीकरण)

a.
$$2x-3y+6=0$$

b.
$$2x+3y+6=0$$

c. 2x-3y-6=0

d. 2x+3y-6=0

69. For a data having mean 50 and coefficient of variation 38.42% calculate the standard deviation. (दिएको तथ्यांक मा मध्यक 50 र स्तरीय भिन्नता 38.42% छ भने स्तरीय भिन्नता निकाल्नुहोस्।)

d. 20.5

70. The parabola $y = x^2 + 4x + 3$ intersects the x axis at two points. What is the sum of the x coordinates of these two points? पाराबोला $y = x^2 + 4x + 3$ ले x अक्षलाई दुई बिन्दुमा काट्छ। यी दुई बिन्दुहरूको x निर्देशांकहरूको योगफल कति हन्छ?

English Section

1. Read the given passage and do the tasks that follow.

Who do you think is the most successful? Who do you think is the least successful?

In order to answer these questions, we first need to define success. Everyone has a different definition. Many of us place great value on reaching various goals. Others associate success with material goods, measuring it by how much one can get. Others measure success by how much they can give to their families or the community. There are many other definitions, but mostly, success is related to becoming rich, famous, and respected at work. Yet, it doesn't have to be that way.

Being successful could mean simply being satisfied with oneself and one's career. For many people, a successful person is someone who feels that his or her work and life offer a high degree of success.

But how does one get from here to there? How does one reach his feeling of satisfaction with life and career? Successful people do two things: they use their abilities in their work and they set career goals.

In other words, successful people choose careers where they can use their abilities. For example, successful teachers are people who know how to help people learn, and the best doctors are those who know how to listen to people. Successful people know where they are starting from and what direction they want to give their lives, even if it is as simple as raising a happy family.

| | he correct option. | | $(5 \times 1 = 5$ |
|-------------|--|--|-------------------|
| | | reaching various goals. | |
| a. g | | b. take | |
| | nderstand | d. help | |
| | | rich, famous, and respected at work. | |
| | being able to achieve s | something | |
| | sing something | | |
| | ng able to achieve some | ething | |
| | ing able to play | | |
| | | of satisfaction with life and career? | |
| a. per | | b. job | |
| c. ricl | | d. poverty | |
| | | work and they set career goals. | |
| | ermine | b. know | |
| c. lea | | d. unknown | |
| | ple as raising a happy f | | |
| | ollecting | b. bringing up | |
| c. I | ifting | d. riding | |
| n Chassa | the best alternative. | | 15×1=15 |
| | ut the door, | 2 | 13/1-13 |
| | don't she | b. didn't she | |
| | haven't she | d. doesn't she | |
| | here for | | |
| | were working | b. had work | |
| | have been working | d. are working | |
| | got me a let | | |
| | to write | b. write | |
| c. | THE PARTY OF THE P | d. none of them | |
| | ad worked hard, he | | |
| | would pass | b. will pass | |
| | passed | d. would have passed. | |
| | someone | 17 (C. 4) (C. 1) (C. 4) | |
| a. | | b. has shouted | |
| | shouted | d. is shouting | |
| | verest is highest | 0 | |
| a. | a | b. an | |
| c. | the | d. no article | |
| 82. He is 1 | ond listening to | CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF | |
| a. | | b. of | |
| c. | at | d. in | |
| 83. I, as | well as my friends, | going abroad. | |
| a. | | b. are | |
| c. | am | d. were | |
| 84. He l | nas not completed his wo | ork | |
| | yet | b. already | |
| | always | d. none of them | |
| | nebody ou | tside for you. | |
| a. | | b. waiting | |
| c. | is waiting | d. none of them | |
| 86. The p | assive form of 'Shut the | door.' is | |
| a. | 2004 | b. Let the door be shut | |
| | Be the door shut | d. The door must be shi | at. |

| a. were c. am d. are 88. I can do | 87. | He enquired if I his f | father. |
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| 90. Ram, do the homework | | 477 | The state of the s |
| a. himself b. yourself d. yourselves Nepali Section | 90 | | • |
| Section Se | , , | | |
| 91. 'डाक्टरले उसलाई औपधि दिए।' 'डाक्टरले' कृत कारक हो ? क. सम्प्रदान | | | d. yourselves |
| 91. 'डाक्टरले उसलाई औपधि दिए।' 'डाक्टरले' कृत कारक हो ? क. सम्प्रदान | | | Nonali Section |
| क. सम्प्रदान सुकृता परद्धा । प्रतास वाक्यलाई तृतीय पुरुषमा बदस्या कृत वाक्य वन्छ ? क. तिमी सुकृता परद्धा । प्र हामी सुकृता पर्द्धी । 93. समास भएर बनेको शब्द कृत हो ? क. बोलकरुड सुकृता पर्द्धी । 94. स्वक्टर शब्दको अर्थ कृतचाहि हो ? क. शह्का सुकृता पर्द्धी । 95. "माइ सचै विद्यालय आन्छ । यस वाक्यमा 'सचै' शब्द कृत परवर्गमा पर्दछ ? क. ताम सुकृता पर्द्धी । 96. Find the next number in the series: 2, 3, 5, 9, 17,? (श्रृंबलाको अर्को संख्या पत्ता लगाउनुतेस् ।) a. 31 | 01 | क्रमार्थ औषधि दिए ।' (जानगरे) | |
| 1. करण प. कर्म 92. 'म सुकुना परदृष्ठ । यस बाक्यलाई तृतीय पुरुपमा बदस्य कुन वास्य बन्छ ? क. तिमी सुकृना परदृष्ठ । प. हामी सुकृना पर्वृत्तु । व. तपाई सुकृना प्रवृत्तु । व. तपाई सुकृन प्रवृत्तु । व. तपाई सुकृन प्रवृत्तु । व. तपाई सुकृन प | 91. | | |
| 92. 'म सुक्ता पद्छ ।' यस वाक्यलाई तृतीय पुरुषमा वदत्य कृत वाक्य वन्छ ? क तिमी सुकृता पदछ । प. हामी सुकृता पद्छ । स. हामकिको अवस्था प. हामी सुकृता पद्छ । स. हामकिको पद्छ । प. हामी सुकृता पद्छ । स. हामकिको पद्छ । स. हामी सुकृता पद्छ । स. हामकिको पद्छ । स. हामी सुकृता पद्छ । हामी सुकृता पद्छ । हामी सुकृता पद्छ । स. हामी सुकृता पद्छ । स. हामी सुकृत पद्छ । स. हामी सुकृता पद्छ । स. हामी सुकृत पद्छ । स. हामी सुक्त पद्छ । स. हामी सुक्त पद्छ । हामी सुक्त पद्छ । हामी सुक्त पद्छ । हामी सुक्त पद्छ । स. हामकिको पद्छ । स. हामी सुक्त पद्छ । | | | |
| के. तिमी सुकुना पहछी । 1. क्र. सुकुना पहछी । 2. सामी सुकुना पहछी । 3. साम भए बनेको शब्द कुन हो ? क. बोलक्कड | 02 | | |
| ग. ऊ सुकृना पदछ । घ. हामी सुकृना पदछी । 93. समास भएर बनेको शब्द कुन हो ? क ले लेक्कड ख. फफफल्को ग. प्रचार घ. राजदरबार 94. 'सङ्कट' शब्दको अर्थ कृनचाहि हो ? क शङ्का ख. सहज भएको अबस्या ग. आपर्तिचप्त घ. संरक्षण 95. 'आइ सप्टै बिचानय जान्छ ।' यस बाक्यमा 'सप्टै' शब्द कुन पदबर्गमा पर्दछ ? क नाम ख. सर्वनाम ग. विशेषण 96. Find the next number in the series: 2, 3, 5, 9, 17,? (अंबलाको अर्को संख्या पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।) a. 31 c. 35 d. 37 97. Find the odd one out from the following numbers: (तलका संख्याहरमा ःृन मिल्दैनः) b. 27 c. 125 d. 256 98. Find the next pair of letters in the series: AZ, BY, CX,? (अक्षरहरूको अंबलाको अर्को जोडी पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।) a. DU b. EV b. DW d. FU 99. Ram walks 5 KM north, then turns right and walks 3 km. In which direction is he now from his initial position? (राम ५ कि मि. उत्तरतर्फ हिड्छ, त्यसपछी दाया मोडेर ३ कि. मि. हिड्छ । अहिले उ सुरूको स्थानबाट कुन दिशामा छ?) a. North b. East b. North—east d. South-west 100. Water: Thirst::Food:? (पानी : तिखां : खाना :?) a. Energy b. Hunger | 92. | | |
| 93. समास भएर बनेको शब्द कुन हो ? क बोलक्कड ख. फफलको ग. प्रचार 94. 'सङ्कट' शब्दको अर्थ कुनचाहि हो ? क शह्का ख.सहज भएको अवस्था ग. आपर्तावपत् घ. संरक्षण 95. 'बाइ मधे विद्यालय जान्छ।' यस वाक्यमा 'सधै' शब्द कुन पदवर्गमा पर्दछ ? क. नाम ख. सर्वनाम ग. विशेषण घ. कियायोगी 96. Find the next number in the series: 2, 3, 5, 9, 17,? (अंबलाको अर्को संख्या पत्ता लगाउनुहोस्।) a. 31 c. 35 d. 37 97. Find the odd one out from the following numbers: (तलका संख्याहरूमा :ृन मिल्दैन?) b. 27 c. 125 d. 256 98. Find the next pair of letters in the series: AZ, BY, CX,? (अक्षरहरूको अंखलाको अर्को जोडी पत्ता लगाउनुहोस्।) a. DU b. EV b. DW d. FU 99. Ram walks 5 KM north, then turns right and walks 3 km. In which direction is he now from his initial position? (राम ५ कि.मि. उत्तरतर्फ हिड्छ, त्यसपछी दाया मोडेर ३ कि. मि. हिड्छ। अहिले उ सुरुको स्थानबाट कुन दिशामा छ?) a. North b. East b. North—east d. South-west 100. Water: Thirst::Food:? (पानी : तिखां : खाना :?) a. Energy b. Hunger | | | |
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| 94. 'सङ्कट' शब्दको अर्थ कृतचाहिं हो ? क. शड्का ग. आपर्त्विपत् | | | ख. भभन्को |
| क. शह्का य. आपर्त्वपत् घ. संरक्षण 95. 'भाइ सवै विद्यालय जान्छ ।' यस वाक्यमा 'सवै' शब्द कुन पदवर्गमा पर्दछ ? क. नाम य. विशेषण घ. कियायोगी 96. Find the next number in the series: 2, 3, 5, 9, 17,? (शृंखलाको अर्को संख्या पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।) a. 31 b. 33 c. 35 d. 37 97. Find the odd one out from the following numbers: (तलका संख्याहरूमा कुन मिल्दैन?) b. 27 b. 64 c. 125 d. 256 98. Find the next pair of letters in the series: AZ, BY, CX,? (अक्षरहरूको शृंखलाको अर्को जोडी पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।) a. DU b. EV b. DW d. FU 99. Ram walks 5 KM north, then turns right and walks 3 km. In which direction is he now from his initial position? (राम ६ कि.मि. उत्तरतर्फ हिइछ, त्यसपछी दाया मोडेर ३ कि. मि. हिइछ । अहिले उ सुरूको स्थानबाट कुन दिशामा छः?) a. North b. East b. North-east d. South-west 100. Water: Thirst::Food:? (पानी : तिखा : खाना :?) a. Energy b. Hunger | | | घ. राजदरबार |
| ग. आपत्विपत् घ. संरक्षण भाइ सवै विद्यालय जान्छ ।' यस वाक्यमा 'सवै' शब्द कुन पदवर्गमा पर्दछ ? क. नाम ग. विशेषण | 94. | 'सङ्कट' शब्दको अर्थ कुनचाहिँ हो ? | |
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| 98. Find the next pair of letters in the series: AZ, BY, CX,? (अक्षरहरूको शृंखलाको अर्को जोडी पत्ता लगाउनुहोस् ।) a. DU b. EV b. DW d. FU 99. Ram walks 5 KM north, then turns right and walks 3 km. In which direction is he now from his initial position? (राम ५ कि.मि. उत्तरतर्फ हिड्छ, त्यसपछी दाया मोडेर ३ कि. मि. हिड्छ । अहिले उ सुरुको स्थानबाट कुन विशामा छ?) a. North b. East b. North-east d. South-west 100. Water: Thirst::Food:? (पानी : तिर्खा : खाना :?) a. Energy b. Hunger | | | |
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